

## SOCIAL STUDIES

### HISTORY Chapter-1 ADVENT OF THE EUROPEANS TO INDIA

#### 53) One Mark Questions

9) In Kerala(wynad) After Rama varma who came to the throne? And who defeated Dutch in wynad?

Ans:- After Rama varma at the age of 24 years Marthanda Varma came to the throne. Dutch who were trying to monopolise trade was defeated by Marthanda Varma

11) Who was Sir Thomas Roe?

Ans: Sir Thomas Roe was the royal ambassador from the court of James I.

12) From whom did the French take Valikandapuram from and later it came to be known as Puducheri?

Ans:- Local Muslim official

13) What was Dastak?

Ans:- A license that could ensure anyone to import and export without paying any tax and transport goods anywhere.

#### 54) Fill in the blanks

1) The English purchased three villages namely Sutanauti, Calcutta and Govindapura on the banks of ..... river and built Fort William.

Ans:- Hooghly

2) The English took Madras from the King of ..... and established a strong fort named St. George Fort.

Ans:- Chandragiri

3) The French East India Company started as a ..... owned company in 1664.

Ans:- Government

4) ..... who arrived (1746) in Pondicherry as the Governor General of the French had the high ambitions of establishing the French as a major power in South India.

Ans:- Dupleix,

5) Hyderabad Kingdom was established in 1724 by .....

Ans:- Asaf Jha.

6) First Carnatic War : 'Treaty of Aix-la Chapelle' : : Second Carnatic War : .....

Ans:- Treaty of Pondicherry.

7) Third Carnatic War was ended with Treaty of .....

Ans:- 'Treaty of Paris'

8)..... who laid the firm foundation of the British power in India.

Ans:- Robert Clive

9) Ali Wardi Khan, the Nawab of Bengal died in .....

Ans:- 1756

10) ..... was furious because the Dastaks were misused by the officials of the company causing losses to the government treasury.

Ans:- Siraj ud-Daulah

11) .....faced the British army led by Hector Munro at Buxar in 1764.

Ans:- Mir Qasim

12) The battle of Buxar made the British the real holders of power over ....., ..... and .....

Ans:- Bihar, Bengal and Odisha provinces.

13) In 1765, ..... brought in 'Dual-government in Bengal'.

Ans:- Robert Clive

14) As per Dual-government the British had the right to collect ....., whereas the Nawab had power over administrative issues like justice and others.

Ans:- land taxes

15) The English established their first warehouse in .....

Ans:- Surat

#### Answer the following:-

1. Explain how Carnatic wars helped the British to settle down firmly in India.

Ans:- a) During the first Carnatic war the English got back Madras from French on agreement.

b) There was a struggle for the position of Nizam of Hyderabad and the Nawab of Carnatic.

c) Robert Clive supported Anwar-ud-din and defeated Chanda Sahib, who was supported by French. In third Carnatic war, French were defeated at Wandiwash.

Hence, in this way the Carnatic wars helped the British to settle down firmly in India.

2. What are the results of the battle of Plassey?

Ans:- The results of the battle of Plassey were –

a) Robert Clive defeated Siraj-ud-daula.

b) The British nominated Mir Jafar as the Nawab of Bengal.

c) Mir Jafar granted the Zamindari right over the 24 paraganas to the English.

d) Robert Clive earned lot of wealth for himself and company.

3. Which were the regions granted by Mir Qasim to the English?

Ans:- Burdwan, Midnapur and Chittagong were the regions granted by Mir Qasim to the English

4. Describe the Black hole tragedy.

Ans:- In 1756, Siraj-ud-daula occupied Qasim Bazar and St. Fort David of Calcutta and lodged 146 British soldiers imprisoned in a small room. The very next day 123 were dead due to the suffocating heat in the room. This came to be known as the Black hole tragedy.

5. What were the consequences of the Battler of Buxar?

Ans:- The consequences of the Battler of Buxar were –

a) The English acquired the provinces of Bihar, Orissa and Bengal.

b) The Mughal emperor, Shah Alam granted the Diwani rights to the British.

c) Robert Clive introduced the dual government in Bengal.

6. Write a brief note on the Second Carnatic war.

(Contd.....)